

## Objectives >>>

#### Students should:

- Learn when Salātul Āyāt becomes obligatory
- Learn the method of praying Salātul Āyāt
- Learn about Salatul 'Id and when it is prayed
- Learn the rules of Salatul 'Id
- Learn about the significance and rewards of Salātul Layl
- Learn the method of performing Salātul Layl

# Special Prayers

# SALĀTUL ĀYĀT (PRAYER OF THE SIGNS)

This is a prayer prayed when particular natural signs occur. Salātul  $\bar{A}y\bar{a}t$  becomes obligatory in any of the following four conditions:





- Solar Eclipse
- Lunar Eclipse
  - o The prayer becomes obligatory even if the moon or the sun are partially eclipsed, and even if they do not cause any fear.
- An earthquake<sup>i</sup>
- Any abnormal phenomenon which would usually scare people (e.g. a very violent storm)<sup>ii</sup>

#### METHOD OF OFFERING SALĀTUL ĀYĀT

There are two methods of performing this prayer. In this lesson, we will learn the shorter one.

Salātul Āyāt consists of two Rak'at, but within each Rak'ah there are five Rak'at. It is performed in the following sequence:

- 1- Niyyah (intention)
- 2- Takbīr
- 3- Recitation of Surat Hamd
- 4- Recitation of one āyah from a surah (e.g. first āyah of Surat Ikhlās. Then performing Ruku' again
- 5- Then standing up after Ruku' and reciting the second ayah of the surah. Then performing a second Ruku'
- 6- This action should be repeated five times.
- 7- Stand after the fifth Ruku'
- 8- Two prostrations
- 9- Perform the 2<sup>nd</sup> Rak'ah in the same manner as above.
- 10- After the 10<sup>th</sup> ruku' in total, complete the prayer in the way one completes a normal prayer with two prostrations, tashahhud and salām.

# SALĀTUL 'ĪD (THE EID PRAYER)

This is a prayer that we pray on the days of ' $\bar{1}$ dul Fiṭr and ' $\bar{1}$ dul Aḍḥā. It is obligatory if there is an infallible Imam who is not in occultation. During the period of occultation, however, we pray it with the intention of getting some reward. We can pray this prayer individually or in congregation.

#### METHOD OF PERFORMING SALĀTUL 'ĪD

This prayer consists of two rak'at. The unique thing about it is that it contains nine qunūt.

In the first rak'ah, we recite:

- surat Ḥamd.
- Surat Al-A'lā
- 5 x qunūt. In future years, we will memorise the supplication we recite during this qunūt.

In the second rak'at we recite:

- surat Hamd.
- Surat Al-Shams
- 4 x qunūt. In future years, we will memorise the supplication we recite during this qunūt.

The other parts of this prayer are the same as our daily prayer.

## **SALĀTUL LAYL (THE NIGHT PRAYER)**



Salātul Layl is a special recommended prayer. We can pray it any time from midnight until dawn. However, the closer to dawn time that we pray it, the more rewarding and special it is. This prayer is extremely rewarding, and our Prophet (saw) and Imams (as) never missed it. It is an opportunity to have our prayers answered, to speak privately to God, and to remember our sins and ask forgiveness for them.

The Prophet (saw) has said:

"Any man or woman that rises for the night prayers immediately becomes the Imam of nine rows of angels who stand behind him or her. Then Allah (SWT) says, now do you know why I created humans? The length of each row of angels is from the Far East to the far West..."

Imam Sadiq [a] said: "Never miss Salātul Layl, because, in fact, the real loser is he who misses Salātul Layl"

Salātul Layl consists of eleven rak'at. However, even praying one or three raka't is very rewarding. In this lesson, we will learn how to perform the last three rak'at of Salātul Layl. These are the most significant and rewarding, and we should try to pray these regularly.

- The first two rak'at are performed like a normal Fajr prayer. The only difference is after Ṣurat Ḥamd we recite Ṣurat al-Nās in the first rak'ah and Ṣurat al-Falaq in the second rak'at. We end this prayer like a normal prayer with Tashahhud and salām.
- **The third rak'ah** is the most special. It is performed in the following way:
  - o Recite Surat Hamd
  - Recite Surat Ikhlās three times
  - Perform a long qunūt. This is the most special and rewarding part of the entire prayer. In this qunūt:
    - Ask forgiveness for forty believers that you know and pray for them
    - Seek forgiveness from Allah by saying 'astaghfirullāh wa atūbu ilayh' 70 times
  - Then perform ruku', sujūd, tashahhud and salām as normal

This prayer is a very special opportunity for spirituality and attaining closeness to Allah (SWT). Its benefits are multiple and it should not be ignored or underestimated.

#### **Memorisation Task:**

استغفر الله و اتوب اليه

"I seek God's forgiveness and I repent to Him"

S. Sistani: Obligatory Precaution, S. Khamenei: Obligation

<sup>&</sup>quot;S. Sistani: Recommended Precaution, S. Khamenei: Obligation

iii http://www.ihic.org.au/book.php?id=60&idt=11

iv Bihar-ul-Anwar, vol. 83, p. 127